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21 story building Lacrosse fire 2014



ASO Lacrosse fire 2014

Andrew Sharrad, 2022-09-01T22:45:06.677



Background

Fire began in an ashtray on the balcony of an 8th floor apartment at the Lacrosse Apartments





The Event

Fire reached the roof as the Fire Brigade arrived

Evacuation warning system failed soon after it started causing confusion

Cladding formed part of the wall, not an attachment

Combined system (aided the sprinkler systems effectiveness)



Lacrosse Apartments fire November 2014

Liability arising from wall ACP cladding





Findings

Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal (VCAT) found that the fire could be attributed to:

the smoker of the cigarette failing to properly and fully extinguish his cigarette

the installation of aluminium composite panels with 100% polyethylene core on the external walls of the building

VCAT did not attribute any loss to the items stored on the balcony.





Damages

It was ordered that the payments be made in the following proportions:

Surveyor – 33%

Architect - 25%

Fire Engineer – 39%

Tenant – 3% (assigned to the builder).





South Australia's planning system





In April 2016, the Parliament of South Australia passed the Planning, Development and Infrastructure Act 2016 (PDI Act)

The new Act established a new planning framework and legislative tools.

| Version: 1.4.201/

South Australia

Planning, Development and Infrastructure

An Act to provide for matters that are relevant to the use, development and management of land and buildings, including by providing a planning system to regulate development within the State, rules with respect to the design, construction and use of buildings, and other initiatives to facilitate the development of infrastructure, facilities and environments that will benefit the community; to repeal the Development Act 1993; to make related amendments to the Character Preservation (Barossa Valley) Act 2012, the Character Preservation (McLaren Vale) Act 2012, the Environment, Resources and Development Court Act 1993, the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, the Local Government Act 1999, the Public Sector Act 2009 and the Urban Renewal Act 1995; and for other purposes.

Contents

Part 1-Preliminary

- Short title
- Interpretation
- Change of use of land
- Planning regions and Greater Adelaide
- Environment and food production areas—Greater Adelaide
- Application of Act—general provision Application of Act—Crown
- Interaction with other Acts
- Recognition of special legislative schemes

Part 2-Objects, planning principles and general responsibilities

Division 1-Objects and planning principles

- Objects of Act
- Promotion of objects
- Principles of good planning

Division 2-General duties and coordination of activities

- General duties
- Responsibility to coordinate activities



Development Assessment Previously, South Australia was highly regulated, which means 'lower risk' development was subject to unnecessary scrutiny. This slowed the system, increased costs of building and was frustrating for community, industry and council.

The new planning system changed the existing categories of development to streamline simpler development and facilitate greater consideration of more complex proposals; clearly setting out the assessment path and the relevant authority that will make the decision.



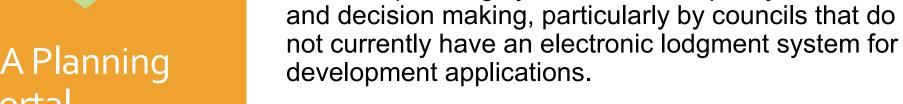
SA Planning Portal

A set of online tools to make it easier for to plan; industry to apply and for the community to own their own development. South Australians are now able to search their property, see the policies that apply and what types of development can be undertaken, with or without an assessment.

Applicants can then prepare, lodge and track their development applications online. Council and industry professional use the portal to assess applications.



SA Planning Portal



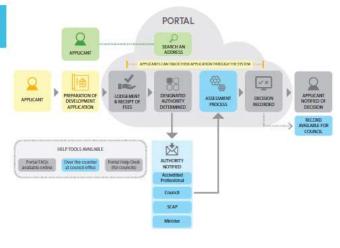
Development Applications are now accessed online.

The new planning system assists capacity, timeliness



ePLANNING: WHO CAN DO WHAT?









Applicants can access the Portal, search an address and retrieve the policies and performance outcomes that need to be met before approval can be granted.



Prepare and lodge development applications.



Submit additional Information if requested by assessing authority.



Applicants can track their application as it moves through the system.















South Australia has also introduced a new Accredited Professionals Scheme that means Planning and Building Certifiers are the most qualified in the country, and our state is being run by the best in their fields.

Applicants are given a choice to select a private or public professional to assess their applications for certain types of development.



Benefits of the scheme

- The Accredited Professionals Scheme provides reliability, flexibility and accountability of decisionmakers in the planning system. The scheme gives development applicants greater confidence in the way their submissions are assessed.
- Under the scheme, planning and building professionals who assess development applications must maintain minimum standards of professional practice and produce evidence that they are sufficiently qualified to make key decisions at certain levels.



Confusing documentation



CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

This is to certify that

The MAXIMUM Porcelain on Sumner Tile System supplied by Original stone Ltd.



MINISTRY OF BUSINESS, INNOVATION & EMPLOYMENT

JAS-ANZ

Product description

The MAXIMUM Porcelain on Sumner Tile System uses a fibre-cement sheet substrate, special stone adhesive, rigid plastic battens, and special fixings for the construction of wind and moisture resistant porcelain sheet cladding systems.

Product purpose or use

The MAXIMUM Porcelain on Sumner Tile System is used for the construction of wind and moisture resistant porcelain sheet claddings.

Certificate Holder

Original Stone Co Ltd. 177 Marua Road Ellerslie Auckland. Phone 09 579 3326 www.sumnerschist.co.nz

CodeMark Certification Body

BEAL Certification Service Limited 2A Plimmerton Drive Plimmerton, Porirua 5026, NZ Phone: +64 4 233 6661 E-Mail: bcs@beal.co.nz Website: www.beal.co.nz

Complies with the New Zealand Building Code:
Performance Clauses B1.3.1, B1.3.2 & B1.3.3 (a) & (f)
Performance Clauses B2.3.1 (a) Frame Protection System, battens & fixings, (b) FC sheet, adhesive & hooks and (c) norcelain sheets

Performance Clause E2.3.2 & E2.3.3

Performance Clause F2.3.1.

Compliance with other clauses fall outside the scope of this certificate.

Subject to the following:

Limitations of use -

A. All designs and construction shall be within the requirements set out in the MAXIMUM Porcelain on Sumner Tile System Technical & Installation Manual dated 28 July 2017 available from the manufacturer's web site

www.sumnerschist.co.nz. and, all other uses are outside the scope of this certificate.

B. Accessories and components are to comply with that specified in the MAXIMUM Porcelain on Sumner Tile System Technical & Installation Manual and the Original Stone Ltd. Building Product Quality Plan v 4;

C. Installation shall be performed by Original Stone Ltd trained and approved installers, who shall be supervised by a

suitably qualified Licensed Building Practitioner;
D. Installation and maintenance of the MAXIMUM Porcelain on Sumner Tile System, shall be in accordance with the MAXIMUM Porcelain on Sumner Tile System Technical & Installation Manual and the Original Stone Ltd. Building Product Quality Plan.

Conditions of certification—
E. The Building Product Quality Plan for the MAXIMUM Porcelain on Sumner Tile System shall be reviewed and subject to audit at their head office and building sites by the issuer at least once a year;

F. This CodeMark Certificate shall be revalidated on an annual basis;

H. This CodeMark Certificate is subject to S15 of the Building Product Certification Regulations 2008.

Technical information:

Information that forms part of this certificate or the basis for certification is available from the issuer on request and may be subject to a

fee.

Note that this certificate may only be reproduced in its entirety.

EN House - "

11 August 2017

BCS-172517-CMNZ

C R Prouse Director
BEAL Certification Service

Certificate Number

This certificate is issued by an independent certification body accredited by the product certification accreditation body appointed by the Chief Executive of the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (MBIE) under the Building Act 2004. MBIE does not in any way warrant, guarantee, or represent that the building method or product the subject of this certificate conforms with the New Zealand Building Code, nor accept any liability arising out of the use of the building method or product. MBIE disclaims, to the extent permitted by law, all liability (including negligence) for claims of losses, expenses, damages, and costs arising as a result of the use of the building method(s) or product(s) referred to in this certificate.



- Practitioners urged to take due care when relying on Certificates of Conformity
- At one stage there was a withdrawal of up to nine Certificates of Conformity under the CodeMark Scheme, this has again highlighted the need for practitioners to take due care when accepting Certificates as evidence of suitability.

CodeMark

Using Certificates as evidence

- A valid Certificate can be relied upon as evidence to support the use of a material, form of construction or design that meets a Performance Requirement or Deemed-to-Satisfy Provision in accordance with the Building Code of Australia (BCA). In determining whether to accept a Certificate, the responsible practitioner must consider:
- the currency of the Certificate
- any conditions set out in the Certificate; and
- whether the proposed material use, construction or design reflects compliance with the Certificate and any relevant conditions specified.
- Practitioners are advised to read all Certificates very carefully, in order to gain an understanding of the BCA requirements being certified by each Certificate.



Panel (BTP)

- On 19 December 2019 the State Planning Commission (the Commission) approved a new terms of reference to reform the Building Committee (BC) to the Building Technical Panel (BTP).
- The BTP will undertake delegated building-related statutory functions of the Commission under the *Planning*, *Development Infrastructure Act* 2016 (PDI Act) and the *Development Act* 1993.



- The BTP is established as a Committee of the State Planning Commission under Section 29 (1) (c) of PDI Act to:
- provide concurrence on applications seeking to allow a variance with the performance requirements of the Building Rules
- provide expert opinion, when requested, on whether the performance requirements of the Building Rules have been met by a particular performance solution
- provide concurrence on applications granting consent for specific types of building work as required.



Emerging Technologies

Battery Energy Storage Systems, Electric Vehicles and Charging stations.







Building Fire Safety Committees

Dealing with existing buildings life safety, including installed ACP cladding



BUILDING FIRE SAFETY COMMITTEE



Peoples Palace fire in 1975 where 7 people died because an exit door may have been locked.

'Most of the dead were found huddled together beneath the doorway which led to the rear staircase'



BUILDING FIRE SAFETY COMMITTEE

- South Australian legislation (since the mid 1970's) has required a local Council have an appropriate authority (Building Fire Safety Committee) that will
 - monitor the adequacy of the fire safety in existing buildings; and
 - take action as necessary to ensure that adequacy.
- Unique to South Australia and was introduced as a Government response to a fatal fire in a Salvation Army Hostel in the City on 22 April 1975.

BFSC OBJECTIVES

South Australian legislation requires a building have

- "firstly, a reasonable standard of fire safety for the occupiers of the relevant building";
- "secondly, the minimal spread of fire and smoke";
- "thirdly, an acceptable fire fighting environment",

the Committee must make a determination on a buildings fire safety and adequacy.

BFSC

State Government has produced a Ministerial Building Standard to support the fire safety adequacy determination

Ministerial Building Standard MBS 001 - Upgrading health and safety in existing buildings (plan.sa.gov.au)

MBS001 provides

- guidance to Committees and building owners as to what fire safety matters in an existing building are not considered adequate and
- Performance requirements and deemed to satisfy solutions to make the fire safety adequate.

THE POWERS OF THE BFSC

 Failure to comply with a Fire Safety Notice will result in court action to enforce the upgrade

Types of notices:

- Notice of Fire Safety Defect
- Notice of Building Work Required
- Summons to attend Environment, Resources & Development Court (ERD)

THE POWERS OF THE BFSC

- Fire safety in some buildings is outdated and not considered acceptable by modern standards.
- The increased understanding of fire behaviour in buildings and the continuing growth in technology has allowed safer and more efficient ways of protecting the occupiers of buildings, the firefighters and the neighbouring buildings.
- City of Adelaide has significant building stock that predates the introduction of many of the fire safety measures that we take for granted.
- The Committee's role is to get the buildings with significant deficiencies up to an acceptable level.

BUILDING FIRE SAFETY COMMITTEE

- There are usually four Committee Members, and it is a legislative requirement that they have appropriate qualified persons being:
 - An appropriately qualified Building Surveyor
 - A person with expertise in Fire Safety
 - A representative from the SA Metropolitan Fire Service and/or SA Country Fire Service
 - A person appointed by Council.

Why we exist!





Why we exist!





Why we exist!

Incomplete installations





Cladding comes under the BFSC

Several test cases about to go to Court





BFSC has ordered the retro fitting of Sprinklers to several high rise buildings as well as low to mid rise as a post "Performance Solution" to resolve a multitude of issues.





Lithium Ion battery fire Adelaide

April 2022







UK based Fire Risk Assessors





- The two different contextualised registers (both UK-based schemes)
- Fire Risk Register of Assessors Fire Risk Auditors





Fire Risk Register of Assessors:





Fire Risk Auditors:





Overview of the process from a candidates point of view, just the main steps





The benefits

Both registers offer successful applicants professional recognition by way of inclusion on the IFE's public registers of Assessors and Auditors and the post nominals EngTech.





Responsible Persons or the public in gerneral, are provided with confidence and reassurance when searching for competent registered Fire Risk Assessors.





Evidence of expertise

Higher earning potential

Improved career prospects and employability

Demonstration of a professional attitude valued by employers and customers





Thank you for your time

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